



This manual contains safety information that if ignored can endanger life or result in serious injury. They are indicated by this icon.



Keep the instrument protected from sun and water. Avoid water splashes.



OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS FOR "LDPHRH" INSTRUMENT SERIES

with data logger software quick guide



ERMES COMMUNICATION www.ermes-server.com





Direttiva Bassa Tensione Low Voltage Directive Directiva de baja tensión

2014/35/UE

Direttiva EMC Compatibilità Elettromagnetica EMC electromagnetic compatibility directive EMC directiva de compatibilidad electromagnética

2014/30/UE



GENERAL SAFETY GUIDELINES

Danger!

In emergencies the instrument should be switched off immediately! Disconnect the power cable from the power supply!

When installing always observe local regulations!

Manufacturer is not liable for any unauthorized use or misuse of this product that may cause injury, damage to persons and / or materials.

Caution!

Instrument must be accessible at all times for both operating and servicing. Access must not be obstructed in any way!

Feeder should be interlocked with a no-flow protection device to automatically shut-off the pumps when there is no flow!

Pumps and accessories must be serviced and repaired by qualified and authorized personnel only!

Always discharge the liquid end before servicing the instrument!

Empty and rinse the liquid end before work on a pump which has been used with hazardous or unknown chemicals!

Always read chemical safety datasheet!

Always wear protective clothing when handling hazardous or unknown chemicals!

Instrument must be operated / serviced by trained technicians only!

All connection operations must be performed while the instrument is not connected to main supply!

Missed activation for Min/Max alarm and Maximum Dosing Alarm may cause hazardous overdosing!

1. Introduction

LDPHRH is a digital microprocessor based pH & ORP controller with temperartutre reading. Main working modes are: On/Off, PWM proportional and PWM fixed.

Working ranges are: pH: from 0 to 14pH *ORP: from 0 to 999 mV.

All information are provided through a large backlit LCD display. Using a revolutionary wheel control the instrument can be easily programmed. LDPHRH is housed in a IP65 plastic box. *-999 mV a +999 mV (LDPHRHN)

INPUTS:

- Stand-by
- Flow
- pH (+) level
- pH (-) level
- ORP level
- pH probe
- ORP probe
- Temperature probe

OUTPUTS:

- 2 relay outputs (pH and MV)
- 3 opto coupled pulses outputs (pH and mV)
- 1 Main alarm
- 1 Flocculant

2. The wheel

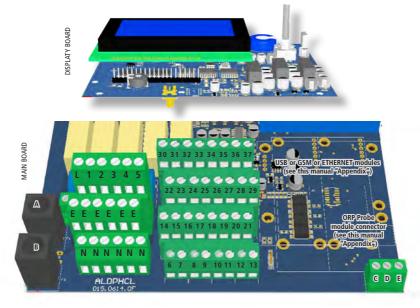
Located in the upper right side of LDPHRH there is a wheel that must be used to control the instrument. Wheel can be rotated in both directions to scroll over the menus and / or pressed to confirm highlighted selection / value.

NOTE: Once changes are made press "OK" to save and exit from submenu. Press "ESC" to exit without saving.



3. Mainboard Connections

Unplug instrument from main power supply then perform connections by following the above picture.



A: Main Fuse (6A T)

B: Instrument Fuse (3.15AT)

L(Live) - E (Earth) - N (Neutral): 85÷264VAC - 50/60 Hz

1(Live) - E(Earth) - N(Neutral): 85 ÷ 264VAC - 5A 50/60 Hz Relay 1 Output "CH1 PH RELAY". To use with ON/OFF or PWM device

2(Live) - E(Earth) - N(Neutral): 85+264VAC - 5A 50/60 Hz Relay 2 Output "CH2 MV RELAY". To use with ON/OFF or PWM device 3(Live) - E(Earth) - N(Neutral): 85÷264VAC Alarm output

4(Live) - E(Earth) - N(Neutral): 85÷264VAC Flocculant output (always enabled except when Standby or Flow alarm)

31(-) - 30(+): Current output mA1 for pH

31(-) - 32(+): Current output mA2 for MV

34(-) - 33(+): Current output mA3

34(-) - 35(+): Current output mA4 for temperature

Max resistive load: 500 Ohm

22(-) - 23(+): Output "CH1 PH PULSE 2" (with photocoupler). For dosing pumps "IS" o "MF" series

24(-) - 25(+): Output "CH2 MV PULSE" (with photocoupler). For dosing pumps "IS" o "MF" series

26(-) - 27(+): Output "CH1 PH PULSE 1" (with photocoupler). For dosing pumps "IS" o "MF" series

21(GND) - 28(+RS485) - 29(-RS485): RS485 (no MODBUS)

14(+ Brown) - 15(Black) - 16/17(- Blue; GND): Proximity sensor mod. "SEPR"

11(-) - 10(+): Standby contact

11(-) - 12(+): ORP Level contact

19(-) - 18(+): pH Level 1 contact

19(-) - 20(+): pH Level 2 contact

6+7; 8+9: PT100 Temperature Probe (remove jumper prior to install probe)

Warning: Connections must be perfored by qualified and trained personnel only.

4. Main Screen

When into normal operating mode, LDPHRH shows the following main screen:



Main screen zones:

(1) UNITS "pH" is the measuring unit for pH probe.

"mV" is the measuring unit for ORP probe.

(2) VALUES These numbers are values read by the probes.

(3) **OUTPUTS STATUS** These fields are related to current outputs status and instrument activity.

For more information rotate the wheel when into main screen. (see next page)

WARNING MESSAGE NOTIFICATION AREA

During critical situations a warning / alarm message may appear. To in-depth explanation **completely rotate clockwise** the wheel to review main

instrument parameters and current outputs status.

WHEN AN ALARM OCCURS (flow, level, dosage, faulty probe, setpoint) and

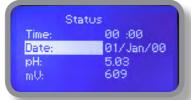
"ALARM" appears on main screen all outputs are disabled.

Note: the word "PUMP" as shown into this manual refers to a "dosing device" connected to the instrument!

5. Quick status check

From main screen **completely rotate clockwise** the wheel to review main instrument parameters and current outputs status.





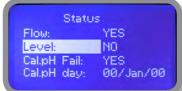
Local Time
Local Date
pH probe reading
ORP probe reading





Temperature probe reading Dosing alarm condition Probe failure status Alarm contact status





Flow contact status (SEPR)
Tank Level 1 status
Last pH calibration result
Last pH calibration date





Last ORP calibration result Last ORP calibration date Last Temp. calibration result Last Temp. calibration date



Outputs Status							
Pulse Relay Pulse	pH2:	OFF OFF OFF					
Pulse Relay	mU1:	OFF OFF					

Outputs Status
See mainboard (page 4) for related connetions.

6. Password

To grant access into "Main Menu" press the wheel from main screen and enter the passcode. If this is the first time here then the passcode is 0000 (factory preset). Press wheel 5 times to enter into "Main Menu". Otherwise press the wheel 1 time and enter the passcode. Numbers can be selected rotating the wheel.



To set a new passcode choose "PARAMETERS" from "Main Menu", move on "New Pcode", click on wheel and enter a four numbers code. Click on "EXIT" and choose "YES" to save request. The new passcode is now ready.

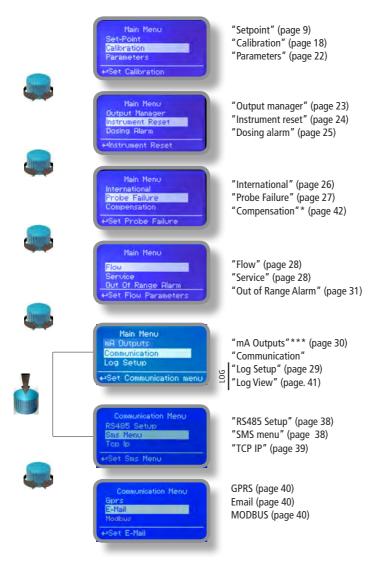


Lost passcode?

Please dont' forget the passcode (if changed). In the unfortunate event, please call your local distributor for unlocking procedure. There is no way for you to recover lost passcode.

7. "Main Menu" list

To grant access into "Main Menu" enter the passcode (as described in previous chapter). Once into "Main Menu" rotate the wheel to scroll through all the options available.



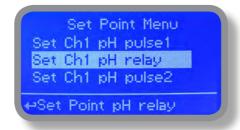
^{***}This menu is available on current outputs instrument version only

8. "Set-Point", pH working modes

For "CH1 PH PULSE 1" and "CH1 PH PULSE 2" outputs, setpoint can be set between **On/Off mode**, **Proportional (%)** mode or disabled (OFF).

For "CH1 PH RELAY" output, setpoint can be set using On/Off mode, Proportional PWM mode, Fixed PWM mode or disabled (OFF).





8.1 "Set-Point", pH (on/off)

This mode is valid for all pH related outputs. On/Off mode set the instrument to operate using two set values that enable or disable the pH pump. To use this mode move cursor on "Working Mode". Press the wheel and select it.

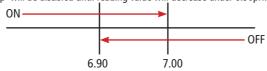


ON/OFF mode while dosing ALKALI

Set pH value at 7.00 OFF and 6.90 ON. Set Pulse Speed per minute (strokes per minute) based on dosing device capabilities.

Instrument will leave the pH pump active until reading value will increase up to $7.00 \mathrm{pH}$.

At 7.00pH the pH pump will be disabled until reading value will decrease under 6.90pH.



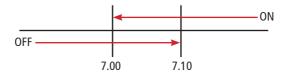
Pulse speed: to let pump operate at pulses per minutes add one or more minute (1pulse every xx minutes).

8.2 "Set-Point", pH (on/off)

This mode is valid for all pH related outputs. ON/OFF mode while dosing ACID

Set pH value at 7.00 OFF and 7.10 ON. Set Pulse Speed per minute (strokes per minute) based on dosing device capabilities.

Instrument will leave the pH pump active until reading value will decrease up to 7.00pH At 7.00pH the pH pump will be disabled until reading value will increase up to 7.10pH.



Did you know?

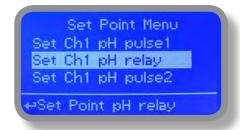
In chemistry, an alkali is a basic, ionic salt of an alkali metal or alkaline earth metal element. Alkalis are best known for being bases (compounds with pH greater than 7) that dissolve in water. The adjective alkaline is commonly used in English as a synonym for base, especially for soluble bases. This broad use of the term is likely to have come about because alkalis were the first bases known to obey the Arrhenius definition of a base and are still among the more common bases. Since Brønsted-Lowry acid-base theory, the term alkali in chemistry is normally restricted to those salts containing alkali and alkaline earth metal elements.

An acid (often represented by the generic formula HA [H+A-]) is traditionally considered any chemical compound that, when dissolved in water, gives a solution with a hydrogen ion activity greater than in pure water, i.e. a pH less than 7.0. That approximates the modern definition of Johannes Nicolaus Brønsted and Martin Lowry, who independently defined an acid as a compound which donates a hydrogen ion (H+) to another compound (called a base). Common examples include acetic acid (in vinegar) and sulfuric acid (used in car batteries). Acid/base systems are different from redox reactions in that there is no change in oxidation state.

8.3 "Set-Point", pH (proportional)

This mode is valid for "CH1 PH PULSE 1" and "CH1 PH PULSE 2" outputs.





Proportional mode set the instrument to operate using a calculated percentage between two set values that enable or disable the pH pump. To use this mode move cursor on "Working Mode". Press the wheel and select it.



PROPORTIONAL mode between 7pH(0 P/m) and 8pH (180 P/m). p/m is : pulses per minute In this mode the pH pump will be "ON" for values greater than 8pH with maximum set pulses per minute capacity (e.g.: 180) and it'll be "OFF" for values lower than 7pH. For values of 7.5pH pump will be "ON" with 90 pulses

per minute capacity. The calculation is based on 180 pulses per minute setting (see page 22).

00 P/m

8.4 "PWM" (proportional), pH

This mode is valid for "CH1 PH RELAY" output only. Pulse-width modulation (PWM) of a signal or power source involves the modulation of its duty cycle, to either convey information over a communications channel or control the amount of power sent to a load.

This mode works over a settable (0 to 100 seconds) time to switch on or off selected output.

During this time if reading value will move towards a set value (on or off) the PWM will operate the output on timered basis. Reaching the set value the PWM will permanently leave on or off the output.

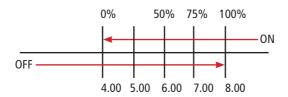
Parameters to set for this mode are:

Unit Value + %: (time activity towards set value. 0% means 0 seconds. 100% means 100 seconds.) pH range: two pH values within PWM operates.

For example: set first pH value at 8.00 = 100% and second pH value at 4.0 = 0%. For reading values \ge to 8.00 the output will be permanently ON. For reading values \le 4.0 the output will be permanently OFF.

For reading value of 7.00 the output will be OFF for 25 seconds, ON for 75 seconds. For reading value of 6.00 the output will be OFF for 50 seconds, ON for 50 seconds.





8.5 "PWM" (fixed), pH

This mode is valid for "CH1 PH RELAY" output only. Pulse-width modulation (PWM) of a signal or power source involves the modulation of its duty cycle, to either convey information over a communications channel or control the amount of power sent to a load. Using fixed mode is possible to set operating time to switch on or off selected output.

During this time if reading value will move towards a set value (on or off) the PWM will operate the output on timered basis. Reaching the set value the PWM will permanently leave on (for selected amount of time) or off the output.

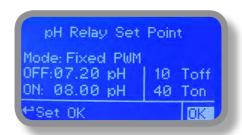
Parameters to set for this mode are:

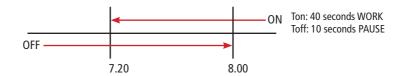
pH range: two pH values within PWM operates. Ton: ON period, during output activity. Toff: OFF period, during output activity.

For example: set first pH value (OFF) at 7.20.. Set second pH value (ON) at 8.00. Set "working-pause" output activity with Toff 0 seconds and Ton 40 seconds.

For reading values \ge to 8.00 the output will be ON with activity based on Ton and Toff. For reading values \le 7.20 the output will be permanently OFF.

For reading values within working range operating mode is on HYSTERESIS base. Once reading value is 7.20 pH will be permanently off until it will reaches 8.00 pH.





8.6 "Set-Point", ORP (On/Off)

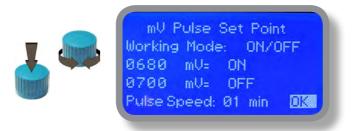
"CH2 MV PULSE" output can be set to operate within: On/Off, Proportional (%) or disabled (OFF) modes.
"CH2 MV RELAY" output can be set to operate within: On/Off, Proportional PWM, Fixed PWM or disabled (OFF) modes.



8.7 "Set-Point", ORP (on/off)

All ORP outputs can be set to operate into this mode.

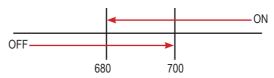
This mode enables ORP pump to operate between two On/Off values. Move wheel over "Working Mode" to select it.



ON/OFF mode

Set ORP value at 680mV ON and 700mV OFF. The difference between the two ORP values is called HYSTERESIS. Instrument will enable the ORP pump when reading value will decrease at 680mV At 680mV the ORP pump will be enabled until reading value will increase at 700mV.

Pulse Speed: pulses per minute setting.



8.8 "Set-Point", ORP (proportional)

"CH2 MV PULSE" output can be set into this mode.



Proportional mode set the instrument to operate using a calculated percentage between two set values that enable or disable the ORP pump. To use this mode move cursor on "Working Mode". Press the wheel and select it.



PROPORTIONAL MODE between 700(0 P/m) and 680 (180 P/m). [P/m: pulses per minute]

This mode operates ORP pump for a value lower that 680mV with maximum dosing capacity (180strokes) and it will stop ORP pump for a reading value higher than 700 mV.

A 690 mV reading value will operate ORP pump with a 90 strokes capacity calculated on strokes settings (see page 22). Pump will operare with 90 strokes dosing capacity.

8.9 "PWM" Proportional, ORP

"CH2 MV RELAY" output can be set into this mode.

Pulse-width modulation (PWM) of a signal or power source involves the modulation of its duty cycle, to either convey information over a communications channel or control the amount of power sent to a load.

This mode works over a settable (0 to 100 seconds) time to switch on or off selected output.

Time resolution is 5 seconds, 5 steps. During this time if reading value will move towards a set value (on or off) the PWM will operate the output on timered basis. Reaching the set value the PWM will permanently leave on or off the output.

Parameters to set are:

Unit Value + %: (time activity towards set value. 0% means 0 seconds. 100% means 100 seconds.)

mV range: two pH value between PWM operates.

E.g. set first value at 700 = 00% and second value at 680=60%.

For reading values ≥ 700 output will always be OFF.

For reading values ≤ 680 output will be ON for 60 seconds and OFF for 40 seconds.

If reading value is 690 mV the ouput will be ON with a 30% of total set time. (ON for 30 seconds, OFF for 70 seconds).



8.10 "PWM" (fixed), ORP

"CH2 MV RELAY" output can be set into this mode.

Pulse-width modulation (PWM) of a signal or power source involves the modulation of its duty cycle, to either convey information over a communications channel or control the amount of power sent to a load.

This mode works over a settable (0 to 100 seconds) time to switch on or off selected output.

Time resolution is 5 seconds, 5 steps. During this time if reading value will move towards a set value (on or off) the PWM will operate the output on timered basis. Reaching the set value the PWM will permanently leave on or off the output.

Parameters to set are:

mV range: two pH value between PWM operates.

Ton: "ON" time if output is active. **Toff:** "OFF" time if output is active.

E.g.: set first mV value: (OFF) at 700 and second mV value: (ON) at 680. Set "WORK-PAUSE" activity with Toff 0 seconds and Ton 80 seconds.

For reading values ≥ 700 output output will always be OFF.

For reading values ≤ 680 output will be ON within "WORK-PAUSE" mode based on Ton and Toff settings.

Within 700mV and 680mV values output activity will operate on HYSTERESIS basis. Once 700mV reading value will be reached the output will always be OFF up to 680mV reading value.



9. "Probe Calibration", pH

Full pH calibration procedure involves two calibration points and it requires two buffer solutions. Default buffer solutions are pH 4.00 and pH 7.00. pH reading value can be also compensated from "pH compensation" menu. From "Menu Calibration" choose "pH probe".

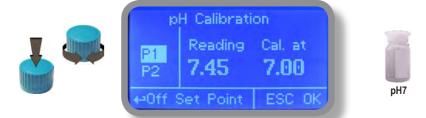




Fast Calibration procedure involves one point calibration (choose value closest to real field application).

In the following example instrument will calibrate pH using default buffer solutions values.

Note: this procedure assumes that instrument is correctly configured and a working pH probe connected. Otherwise unattended results may occurr.



Calib 1st Point.

Once into "pH Calibration" menu move wheel on "P1" then press wheel to enter into first point calibration submenu. Prepare 7.00pH buffer solution and dip probe's sensor on it. Wait until reading value is stable and according to buffer solution value move wheel until it is the same on display ("Cal. at" field). Default value is 7.00pH. To end procedure move cursor on "OK" and press wheel to proceed to next step.

Note: buffer solution value may change if environment temperature it's different than 20°C. Read solution's label for more information. According to this occurrence "pH Default" must be changed.

9. "Probe Calibration", pH



Calib 2nd Point.

Move wheel on "P2" then press wheel to enter into second point calibration submenu. Prepare 4.00pH buffer solution and dip probe's sensor on it. Wait until reading value is stable and according to buffer solution value move wheel until it is the same on display ("Cal. at" field). Default value is 4.00pH.

Note: buffer solution value may change if environment temperature it's different than 20°C. Read solution's label for more information. According to this occurrence "pH Default" must be changed.

9.1 "Probe Calibration", ORP

ORP calibration procedure involves probe's selection with one point (P1) calibration. From "Menu Calibration" choose "ORP probe".

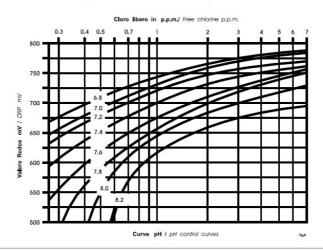


Note: This procedure assumes that instrument is correctly configured and a working ORP probe connected and installed on system. Measurement must be performed using plant water. Otherwise unattended results may occurr.

Calibration can be performed in two ways: the first by alignment with a buffer solution, the second by reading the residual ORP level of the pool with the DPD1, comparison with the attached graph followed by alignment of the pumps group. The choice of method is exclusively at the user's discretion. In both cases, to establish the set-point value, a check using the DPD1 or other analysis system is necessary. The enclosed graphs provide a reference between the mV value read by the pumps group and the quantity of residual ORP expressed in mg/litre, and are linked to the pH value.

- 1) Measure buffer solution temperature and verify that it is the same printed on solution's label.
- 2) Remove protective cap from probe and wash probe's tip into water. Then dry it by shaking the probe in air.
- 3) On instrument set "Cal. at" value to match buffer solution value then put probe's tip into buffer solution and wait until instrument shows a stable reading value (mV field).
- 4)Move cursor on "OK" and press wheel ton cofirm the new calibration value. If calibration process fails the instrment will show "CALIBRATION FAILED". Repeat procedure otherwise move on "ESC" and press wheel.

REDOX - mg FREE CHLORINE - pH GRAPHIC TABLE



9.2 "Probe Calibration", °C - Temperature

A professioanl thermometer is required to obtain a reliable calibration. From "Menu Calibration" choose "Temp probe".



Note: This procedure assumes that instrument is correctly configured and properly connected to a working PT100. Calibrate using plant's temperature otherwise unattended results may occur.

Using an external thermometer read actual temperature and edit related field "Cal. at". Confirm by pressing wheel.

10 "Parameters"

From "Menu Calibration" choose "Parameters". This menu allows to set a delay (max 60 minutes) before pumps begin to feed. Furthermore use this menu to set pH pump startup priority and to change default passcode.



Feeding Delay.

Move on "Feeding Delay" then press wheel. Choose a value between 0 (disabled) and 60 minutes (maximum delay time). This feature can be used to accord a startup delay for the pumps. Delay occurs when instrument is powered.

Mode.

Move on "Mode" then press wheel. If both pumps need to operate, a startup priority can be set to allow the pH pump to begin to feed prior to ORP pump. Choose "pH priority" to enable this function. ORP pump will begin to dose when pH pump has stopped.

Tau.

If probes reading values are changing too fast increase TAU value to stabilize them. Default value is 05. Maximum value is 30

New Pcode.

See page 10.

11. "Output Manager"

From "Menu Calibration" choose "Output Manager". This menu allows to manually operate all outputs for a settable time. Set to "AUTO" for normal operating mode. Set to "OFF" to permanently disable outputs.



Press wheel to move cursor on "TIME" field. Once here, choose a working time between 0 (disabled) or 199 minutes. Move on "EXIT", then press wheel.



Exit from main menu. Main display will show a countdown for selected output. To stop this countdown go back to "Output Manager" menu and choose "AUTO" as working mode or wait until countdown ends. This function can be used for priming purposes.

12. "Instrument Reset"

To restore instrument to its default values (including password) once into "Instrument Reset" menu, choose parameter to restore and press wheel then change value to "ON", press wheel again, move on "OK" then finally press wheel. The instrument display will show "CHECKSUM ERROR". Press wheel to return into "Main Menu". Move on "EXIT", then press wheel. The instrument is now restored to factory default. Please repeat all calibration procedures and programming parameters.



13. "Dosing Alarm"

Use this menu to assign a maximum time to the pumps for reaching the setpoint. If set time ends and the pumps are still dosing, within this menu is possible to STOP them or just to show an alarm message. Function can be disabled selecting "OFF" instead of a number (minutes). Dosing alarm can be set for both or just one pump.

```
Dosing Alarm Menu
mU-> 002 min DOSE
pH -> 002 min STOP
Exit

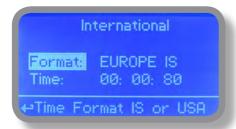
←Set Mode

Dosing Alarm Menu
mU-> 002 min STOP
pH -> 002 min DOSE
Exit
←Set Mode
```

E.g. To set ORP pump to stop after time ends and setpoint isn't still reached press wheel, choose maximum time, press wheel move on next field and choose "STOP". Time can be set between 0 and 100 minutes. When satisfied with settings move on exit and press wheel.

14. "International"

Use this menu to set international parameters as UNIT FORMAT (Europe IS or USA), Local Time and Date.





Format.

Use this option to use European or USA units format. See table for differencies.

EUROPE IS (InternationI Standard)	USA					
Date (DD/MMM/YY)	Date (MMM/DD/YY)					
Time 24h	Time AM / PM					
°C	°F					

Time

Use this option to set local time.

Date.

Use this option to set date.

Language.

Use this option to change system language.

Move on exit to end changes.

15. "Probe Failure"

Use this menu to assign a maximum time for connected probes to stay in "stuck" condition. A stuck probe (it remains on same reading value for some time) means that probably probe itself is damaged. Within this menu is possible to STOP pumps or just to show an alarm message (probe failure). Function can be disabled selecting "OFF" instead of a number (minutes). This function can be set for both or just one probe.

```
Probe Failure Menu
mU-> 202 min DOSE
pH -> 202 min STOP
Exit

←Set Mode

Probe Failure Menu
mU-> 202 min STOP
pH -> 202 min DOSE
Exit
←Set Mode
```

E.g. To set ORP pump to stop after time ends and probe doesn't change reading values press wheel, choose maximum time, press wheel move on next field and choose "STOP". Time can be set between 100 and 254 minutes. When satisfied with settings move on exit and press wheel.

16. "Flow Contact"

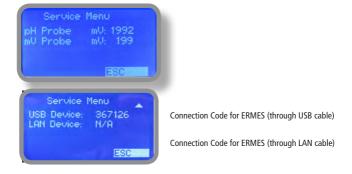
Flow contact (see "SEPR" blocks on page 4) can be enabled to stop a dosing procedure using a N.O. contact mode (normally open) or N.C. contact mode (normally closed) when status on blocks changes. Rotate wheel to choose between: "DISABLE", "REVERSE" (N.O. contact) or "DIRECT" (N.C. contact).

Furthermore "Flow contact" can starts after a specified time when contact status changes. To set it move wheel on "Time:00 min", click it and rotate to choose time (from 0 to 99 minutes). Confirm selection by clicking wheel.



17. "Service"

This "view only" menu shows probes reading live and instrument ID for USB LOG connection (if device's connected). Press "ESC" to exit.



18. "Log Setup"

Log setup stores instrument activities when an alarm (flow, level, out of range reading, etc.) occurs.



Log activity recording can be started by moving wheel on "Mode: Disable" and changing it to "Mode: Enable". Log activity starting time can be set to begin at specified time by entering "Time". Activities data are collected every specified hour or minutes. Edit this parameter by moving wheel on "Every: 00:00" and changing it to desired time.



19. "RS485 Setup"

Prior to use advanced communication functions (e.g.: SMS alarm service or remote communication) the instrument must have a unique ID NUMBER (move wheel on "OK" to check it) and ID NAME (station name). Rotate wheel and edit fields. If ID number has already assigned an error message will follow. In this occurs try using another number.

```
RS485 Menu Setup

ID485 = 08 Check
Name:
Rieti Emec----
SetID Exit
```

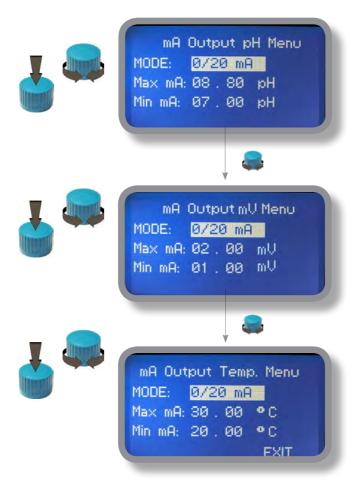
20. "mA Outputs"

This menu allows to configure mA current otputs for pH, ORP and Temperature channels. Options to set are:

MODE (selectable between 0-20 or 4-20 mA current output)
Max mA: maximum probe's reading value at 20 mA current

Min mA: minimum probe's reading value at 0 or 4 mA current

Disable / Enable on alarm: enable or disable output on alarm condition (flow, level, probe failure, dosage, out of range)



Rotate wheel to move within all 3 channels. Click wheel to selecte parameter and rotate wheel to change it. Click wheel again and rotate wheel to move cursor on next parameter. To end procedure move cursor on "EXIT" and press wheel to proceed to "Save" request screen. Move wheel on "YES" to save or "NO" to discard changes.

This menu is available only for instruments with current outputs option enabled.

21. "Out of range alarm"

"Out of range alarm" menu defines the minimum and maximum pH and ORP probe read value before to stop dosing activity and to show an alarm message.

Out Of Range Alarm Menu

Min/Max pH Range Min/Max mURange

⇔Set Min/Max pH Range

Move wheel on "Min/Max pH Range" to set "out of range" condition for pH probe then click on wheel to enter into "Min/Max Range menu".

Min/Max pH Range Menu

pH Hi: En. > 10 , 00 pH pH Lo: En. < 04 , 00 pH

Time: 00 min

Move wheel on "pH Hi: Dis." and change status from "Dis." (option disabled) to "En." (option enabled) by clicking on wheel and rotating it. Press wheel again and move on next field. Press wheel and enter a value for HIGH alarm

Repeat procedure for "pH Lo: Dis." and enter a value for LOW alarm

Min/Max pH Range Menu

Time: 00 min Mode: DOSE

Mode:

As last option enter "Time" (max 99 minutes) after which if lower or higher read value condition stays then the alarm occurs (to set into mode field).

To change alarm mode move wheel on "Mode", press it and choose between "DOSE" (connected pumps will not stop dosing activity when read value is out of range) or "STOP" (connected pumps will stop dosing activity when read value is out of range and an alarm message is displayed).



Out Of Range Alarm Menu Min/Max pH Range Min/Max mURange

⇔Set Min/Max Cl Range

Move wheel on "Min/Max mV Range" to set "out of range" condition for ORP probe then click on wheel to enter into "Min/Max Range menu".

Min/Max mU Range Menu

mUHi: En. > 10 . 00 mU mULo: En. < 04 . 00 mU

Time: 00 min

Move wheel on "mV Hi: Dis." and change status from "Dis." (option disabled) to "En." (option enabled) by clicking on wheel and rotating it. Press wheel again and move on next field. Press wheel and enter a value for HIGH alarm

Repeat procedure for "mV Lo: Dis." and enter a value for LOW alarm

Min/Max mU Range Menu

Time: 00 min Mode: DOSE

Exit

As last option enter "Time" (max 99 minutes) after which if lower or higher read value condition stays then the alarm occurs (to set into mode field).

To change alarm mode move wheel on "Mode", press it and choose between "DOSE" (connected pumps will not stop dosing activity when read value is out of range) or "STOP" (connected pumps will stop dosing activity when read value is out of range and an alarm message is displayed).



22. Technical information.

Power supply: $85 \div 264 \text{ VAC}$ pH range: $0 \div 14$; ORP range: $0 \div 999 \text{ mV}$ Environment Temperature: $-10 \div 45^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($14 \div 113^{\circ}\text{F}$) Chemical Temperature: $0 \div 50^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($32 \div 122^{\circ}\text{F}$) Installation Class: II

Pollution Level: 2 Packaging and Transporting Temperature: -10 \div 50°C (14 \div 122°F) Protection degree: IP 65

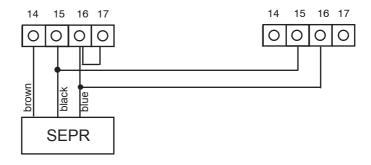
Product	Formula	Ceram.	PVDF	PP	PVC	SS 316	PMMA	Hastel.	PTFE	FPM	EPDM	NBR	PE
Acetic Acid, Max 75%	СН3СООН	2	1	1	1	1	3	1	1	3	1	3	1
Hydrochloric Acid, Concentrate	HCl	1	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	3	3	1
Hydrofluoric Acid 40%	H2F2	3	1	3	2	3	3	2	1	1	3	3	1
Phosphoric Acid, 50%	H3PO4	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	3	1
Nitric Acid, 65%	HNO3	1	1	2	3	2	3	1	1	1	3	3	2
Sulphuric Acid, 85%	H2SO4	1	1	1	1	2	3	1	1	1	3	3	1
Sulphuric Acid, 98.5%	H2SO4	1	1	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	3	3	3
Amines	R-NH2	1	2	1	3	1	-	1	1	3	2	3	1
Sodium Bisulphite	NaHSO3	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Sodium Carbonate (Soda)	Na2CO3	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1
Ferric Chloride	FeCl3	1	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Calcium Hydroxide (Slaked Lime)	Ca(OH)2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Sodium Hydroxide (Caustic Soda)	NaOH	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	2	1
Calcium Hypochlor.(Chlor.ted Lime)	Ca(OCl)2	1	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	3	1
Sodium Hypochlorite, 12.5%	NaOCl + NaCl	1	1	2	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	2	2
Potassium Permanganate, 10%	KMnO4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	1
Hydrogen Peroxide, 30% (Perydrol)	H2O2	1	1	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	2	3	1
Aluminium Sulphate	Al2(SO4)3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Copper-II-Sulphate (Roman Vitriol)	CuSO4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Resistance rating: (1: Resistant); (2: Fairly resistant); (3: Not resistant)

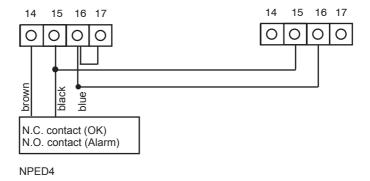
Polyvinyldene fluoride (PVDF) Pump Heads, valves, fitting, tubing Polypropylene (PP) Pump Heads, valves, fitting, level floater PVC Pump Heads
Stainless steel (SS 316) Pump Heads, valves
Polymethyl Metacrilate (Acrylic) PMMA Pump Heads
Hastelloy C-276 Injection valve spring
Polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE) Diaphragm
Fluorocarbon (Viton® B) Sealings
Ethylene propylene (EPDM) Sealings
Nitrile (NBR) Sealings
Polyethylene (PE) Tubing

23. SEPR configuration

SEPR "Flow Sensor" configuration for two instruments

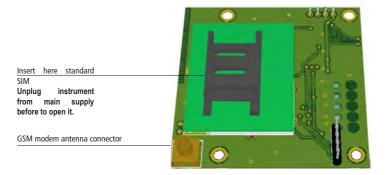


Configuration of a Flow Switch with a voltage free contact and two instruments



Appendix Communication HARDWARE - "SMS/GSM" Module

Located under mainboard cover there is a four pins connector that can be used to install USB, ETHERNET or MODEM modules. Modules come pre-installed upon request and may appear different as shown (different configurations). "SMS/GMS module" can be configured to send SMS messages containing critical instrument information.



To obtain reliable results with this feature please check the following list:

- Make certain the antenna location is not shielded by metal objects or near sources of electrical 'noise'.
- Do not route the cable where it could be pinched in doors, windows etc.
- Secure the antenna cable
- Ensure that SIM into "SMS/GSM modeule" is properly inserted, activated and within operator range.
- Set instrument ID / NAME from "RS485 Setup" menu and configure "Out of Range Alarm" menu.

Within "Main menu" select "SMS MENU" to enable SMS service and enter SMS receiver phone numbers.



Up to three numbers for sending SMS can be stored into LDPHRH memory. SMS recipient will receive an SMS containing instrument ID, NAME and status. Number formats can be stored using international prefix "+", international prefix "00" or local.

WARNING: THIS FUNCTION COULD NOT BE FREE OF CHARGE. DEPENDING ON YOUR OPERATOR CONTRACT IT COULD GENERATE PAYING SMS TRAFFIC!



To enable warning message for related alarm condition choose "YES", to disable choose "NO". Then move wheel on Exit and SAVE configuration. SMS will be sent when one or more ("YES") fields will change.

LPH1 or 2 : level alarm for PH1 or PH2 levels LMV: level alarm for ORP FLOW: flow alarm

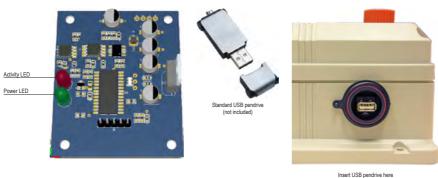
ALPH: out of reading range for pH probe ALMV: out of reading range for ORP probe

WARNING: TO AVOID UNSOLICITED MESSAGES USE CAREFULLY THIS SETUP!

Appendix Communication HARDWARE - "LOG USB" Module

Located under mainboard cover there is a four pins connector that can be used to install "USB data log module" or "SMS module". Modules come pre-installed upon request and may appear different as shown (different configurations).

"USB data log module" records instrument activities. These information can be permanently stored into a standard USB pendrive. Pendrive can be connected to a PC using "ERMES" web www.ermes-server.com to review and print instrument's activities. To obtain reliable results with this feature please set instrument ID and NAME from "RS485 Setup" menu and activate log recording from "LOG SETUP" menu.



Insert USB pendrive here (right side of instrument) After usage put back USB cap

HOW TO RECORD INSTRUMENT'S ACTIVITIES INTO USB PENDRIVE?

Insert USB pendrive into USB connector (located on the right side of instrument). Instrument will save data log on USB pendrive. After succeded in saving data it will ask if delete instrument's log or not (anyway USB pendrive will not be formatted). Move wheel on "YES" to delete log info from instrument and return to main screen or "NO" to leave log info on instrument and return to main screen. Wait about 30 seconds to safety remove the USB pendrive.



HOW TO REVIEW INSTRUMENT'S ACTIVITIES RECORDED INTO USB PENDRIVE?

It's necessary to connect to web "ERMES" www.ermes-server.com to review USB pendrive info on a PC.

Appendix Communication - Software

"RS485" menu.

Prior to install the instrument into an RS485 local system a unique ID NUMBER (from 1 to 30) and ID NAME (station name) must be set. Rotate wheel and edit fields. If ID number has already assigned an error message will follow after ID Check (move cursor on CHECK and press wheel). In this event try using another number.



"GSM" menu.

Instrument may remotely send SMS alarm messages using its own modem (sold as option). It can be configured as follows:

SMS1 / SMS2 /SMS3.

Using the wheel enter a mobile phone that will receive alert SMS messages if something wrong occurrs. SMS number must be set using local number format. For example: 3391349134 will send an SMS message to mobile phone. Log level (and SMS frequency alert) may be set using options in "ACTIVE MSG" within "GSM menu".



- TO AVOID UNDESIRED MESSAGES USE CAREFULLY LOG SETUP -

- WARNING: THIS FUNCTION COULD NOT BE FREE OF CHARGE. DEPENDING ON YOUR OPERATOR CONTRACT IT

COULD GENERATE PAYING SMS TRAFFIC!

Appendix Communication - Software

"TCP/IP" menu.

The instrument may be remotely operated using a standard ethernet connection (sold as option). A static or dynamic IP address and a CAT5 ethernet cable is required. According to your network capacity connection speed is 10/100Mbps. To obtain a valid IP address and subnet mask contact your net administrator. Enter parameters and move cursor on "SAVE" to store parameters then move on "OK" and press wheel to save and activate configuration.

Based on your network configuration choose to obtain network parameters automatically (DYNAMIC) or manually (STATIC).





See "ERMES Communication Software" manual for proper PC software configuration.

What is a static IP address/dynamic IP address?

A static IP address is a number (in the form of a dotted quad) that is assigned to a computer by an Internet service provider (ISP) to be its permanent address on the Internet. Computers use IP addresses to locate and talk to each other on the Internet, much the same way people use phone numbers to locate and talk to one another on the telephone. When you want to visit whatis.com, your computer asks a domain name system (DNS) server (think telephone information operator) for the correct dotted quad number (think phone number) for whatis.com and your computer uses the answer it receives to connect to the whatis.com server. It would be simple if every computer that connects to the Internet could have its own static IP number, but when the Internet was first conceived, the architects didn't foresee the need for an unlimited number of IP addresses. Consequently, there are not enough IP numbers to go around. To get around that problem, many Internet service providers limit the number of static IP addresses they allocate, and economize on the remaining number of IP addresses they possess by temporarily assigning an IP address to a requesting Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) computer from a pool of IP addresses. The temporary IP address is called a dynamic IP address.

Requesting DHCP computers receive a dynamic IP address (think temporary phone number) for the duration of that Internet session or for some other specified amount of time. Once the user disconnects from the Internet, their dynamic IP address goes back into the IP address pool so it can be assigned to another user. Even if the user reconnects immediately, odds are they will not be assigned the same IP address from the pool. To keep our telephone telephone analogy going, using a dynamic IP address is similar to using a pay phone. Unless there is a reason to receive a call, the user does not care what number he or she is calling from.

There are times, however, when users who connect to the Internet using dynamic IP wish to allow other computers to locate them. Perhaps they want to use CU-SeeMe or use a VoIP application to make long distance phone calls using their IP connection. In that case, they would need a static IP address. The user has two choices; they can contact their ISP and request a static IP address, or they can use a dynamic DNS service. Either choice will probably involve an additional monthly fee.

Using a dynamic DNS service works as if there was an old-fashioned telephone message service at your computer's disposal. When a user registers with a DNS service and connects to the Internet with a dynamic IP address, the user's computer contacts the DNS service and lets them know what IP address it has been assigned from the pool; the service works with the DNS server to forward the correct address to the requesting DHCP computer. (Think of calling the message service and saying "Hi. I can be reached at 435.44.32.111 right now. Please tell anyone who tries to reach me to call that number.) Using a dynamic DNS service to arrange for computers to find you even though you are using a dynamic IP address is the next-best thing to having a static IP.

Appendix Communication - Software

"GPRS" menu.

Instrument may be remotely operated using an embedded standard GPRS modem (sold as option). In order to activate this service please ensure that the following steps are correctly completed:

- Make certain the antenna location is not shielded by metal objects or near sources of electrical 'noise'.
- Make certain the distance from the antenna to the "Instrument" unit is within cable length.
- Do not route the cable where it could be pinched in doors, windows etc.
- Ensure that SIM into "Instrument" modem is correctly inserted, activated and within operator range.





Instrument can be set for ERMES services enabled (Configuration option set to "ERMES YES") or messages only (Configuration option set to "ERMES NO") based on your SIM data access parameters. For manual configuration option enter APN (access point name) and SIM phone number. Move wheel on "OK" to save and move on "ESC" to go back to main menu.

Don't forget to enter SIM CODE into PIN NUMBER menu to unlock SIM.

WARNING: THIS FUNCTION COULD NOT BE FREE OF CHARGE. DEPENDING ON YOUR OPERATOR CONTRACT IT COULD GENERATE PAYING DATA TRAFFIC!

"Email" menu.

If Ethernet module or GPRS module is installed (sold as option) the instrument can be configured to send email alarm messages up to two recipients. Click on "Email 1" or "Email 2" and enter email address.



Access point name (APN) identifies an IP packet data network (PDN), that a mobile data user wants to communicate with. In addition to identifying a PDN, an APN may also be used to define the type of service, (eg connection to wireless application protocol (WAP) server, multimedia messaging service (MMS)), that is provided by the PDN. APN is used in 3GPP data access networks, eg general packet radio service (GPRS), evolved packet core (EPC).

Appendix Communication - Software

"LOG" menu.

This function, when enabled, allows to record and send to ERMES server all instrument activities (date, time, temperature, levels, alarms, totalizers, outputs status) for a set period (EVERY) and starting from a certain time (TIME).

Note: SET TIME AND DATE PRIOR TO ENABLE THE LOG. If not fed after 30 days the instrument will lose current date and time.



TIME: log starting time (format 23h 59min)

EVERY: frequency of recording (format 23h 59min)

E.g.: To set the instrument to begin logging events starting from 16:00 every hour set TOME to 16h: 00 and EVERY of 1h: 00m

Note: To view on instrument's display the archived logs select LOGVIEW

"LOG VIEW" menu.

To see alarrm log entries as set on log menu choose "log view" on main menu.



Appendix - MODBUS

Modbus is a serial communications protocol originally published by Modicon (now Schneider Electric) in 1979 for use with its programmable logic controllers (PLCs). Simple and robust, it has since become a de facto standard communication protocol, and it is now a commonly available means of connecting industrial electronic devices.

From main menu select COMMUNICATION then MODBUS to access the options. Set the communication speed according to the PLC system available. Set the ID assigning an UNIQUE address to avoid conflicts.

Baud Rate: 19200 ID Modbus: 000



To access the module MODBUS open the instrument only after power is switched off!

Never make connections with the instrument powered!

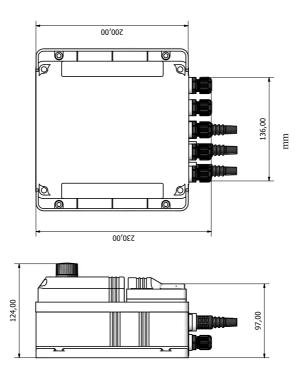


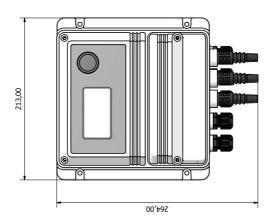
1: GND

2: A-RS485 (+)

3: B-RS485 (-)

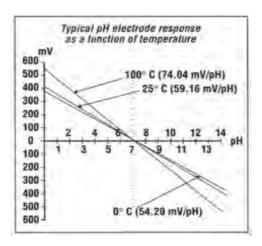
Appendix C - Dimensions





Appendix D - Temperature compensation

pH measurements are temperature dependent. The degree to which temperature affects mV readings varies from solution to solution and can be calculated using the following graphic.



Instrument has either fixed or adjustable automatic temperature compensation referenced to a standard temperature of 25°C.



To end procedure move cursor on "OK" and press wheel to proceed to "Save" request screen. Move wheel on "YES" to save or "NO" to discard changes.

Appendix - WIFI Connection

Within Communication Menu choose "WIFI" to bring wireless sub-menu. Wait until desired wireless network appears, move wheel on it then click. Otherwise click on "SCAN" to restart the search. Enter WEP / WPA / WPA2 password (if required) and wait until connection has been established and WiFi signal strength appears. To obtain a reliable connection be sure to install the controller within WiFi range. See your router features and installation procedure for best results.





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Disposal of end-of-life equipment by users

This symbol warns you not to dispose of the product with normal waste. Respect human health and the environment by giving the discarded equipment to a designated collection center for the recycling of electronic and electrical equipment. For more information visit the online site.



When dismantling a pump please separate material types and send them according to local recycling disposal requirements. We appreciate your efforts in supporting your local Recycle Environmental Program. Working together we'll form an active union to assure the world's invaluable resources are conserved.